Introduction to Software Architecture

17-313 Fall 2023

Foundations of Software Engineering

https://cmu-313.github.io

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Administrivia

- Project 2B due tonight
 - Next spring (2C) due October 12
- Teamwork assessments due every Friday
- Reminder: Midterm on October 10 in class
 - We will release sample / practice exams for recitation next week

Learning Goals

- Understand the abstraction level of architectural reasoning
- Appreciate how software systems can be viewed at different abstraction levels
- Distinguish software architecture from (object-oriented) software design
- Use notation and views to describe the architecture suitable to the purpose
- Document architectures clearly, without ambiguity

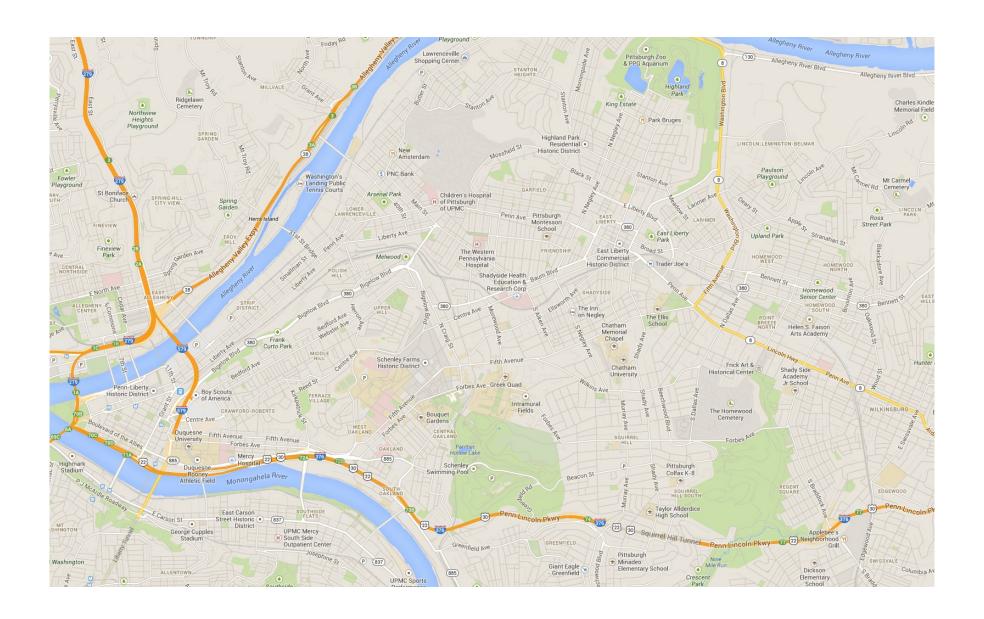




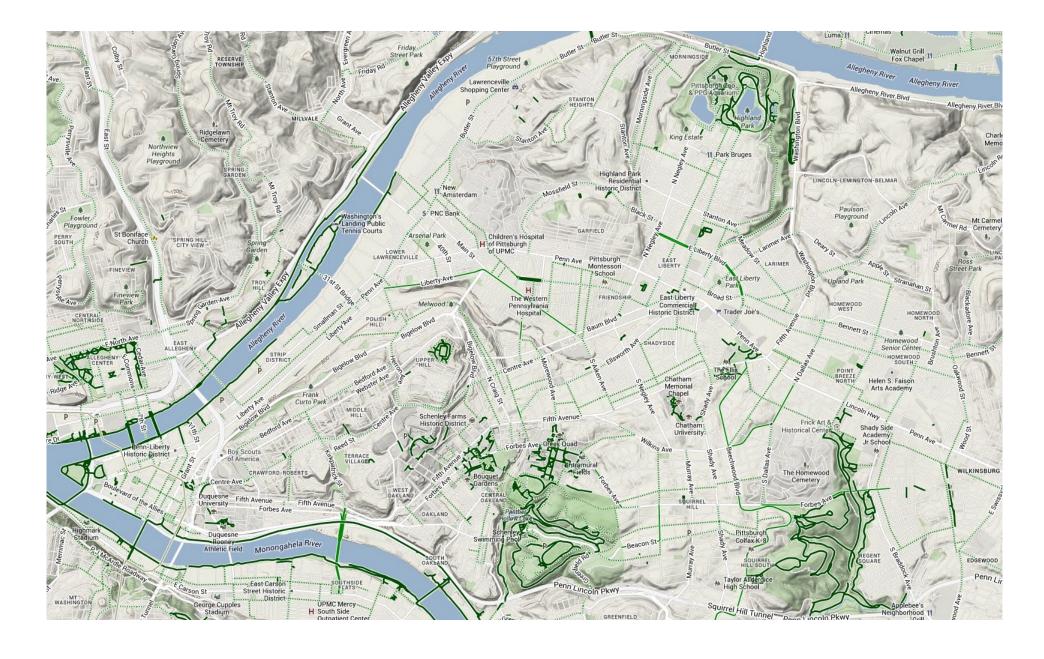
Views and Abstraction



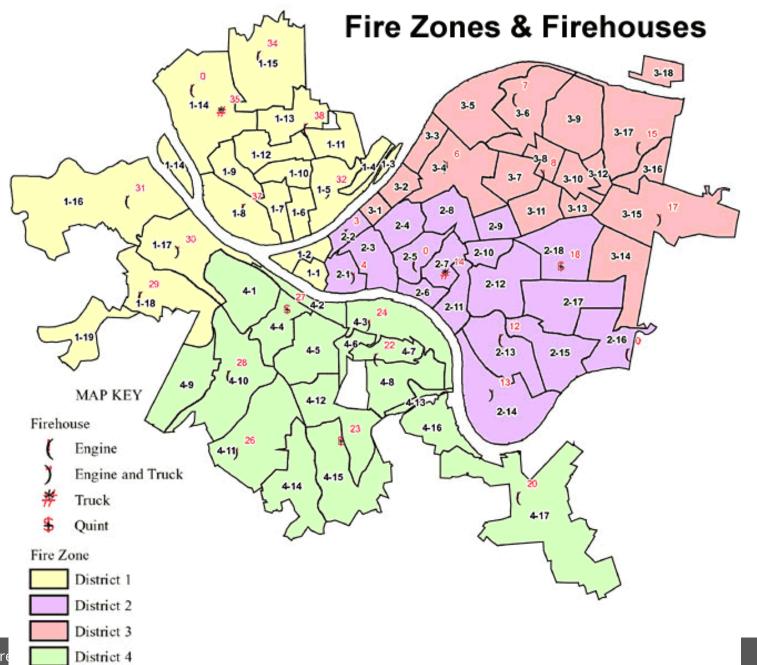




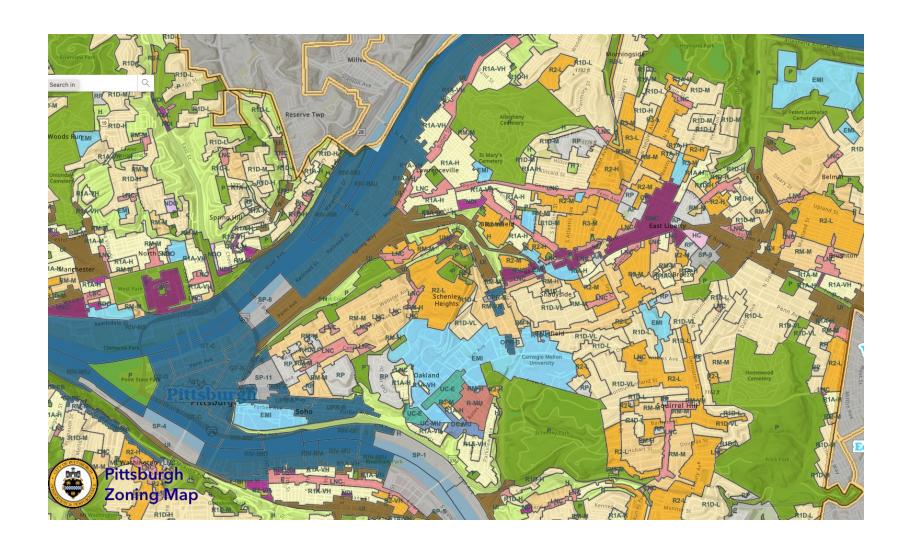




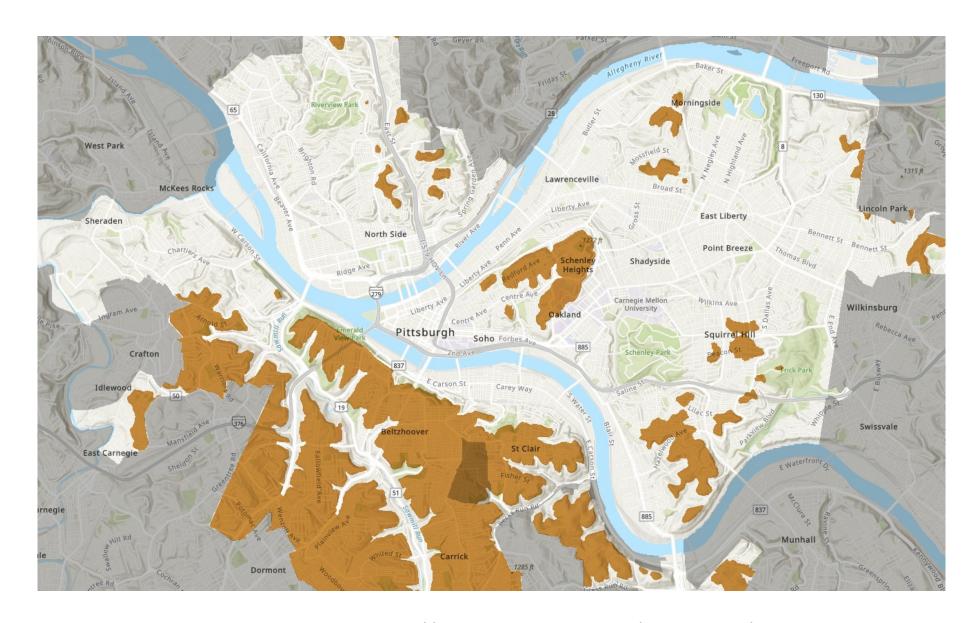
















Abstracted views focus on conveying specific information

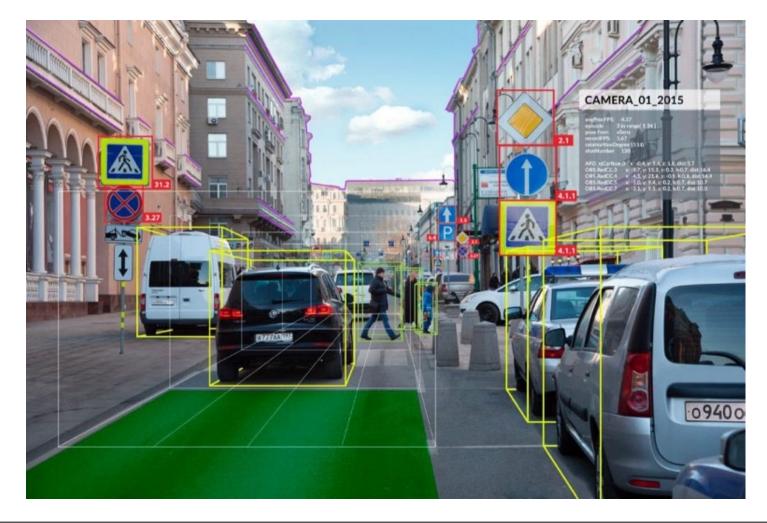
- They have a well-defined purpose
- Show only necessary information
- Abstract away unnecessary details
- Use legends/annotations to remove ambiguity
- Multiple views of the same object tell a larger story

Software Architecture





Case Study: Autonomous Vehicle Software





Case Study: Apollo

Check out the "side pass" feature from the video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BXNDUtNZdM4

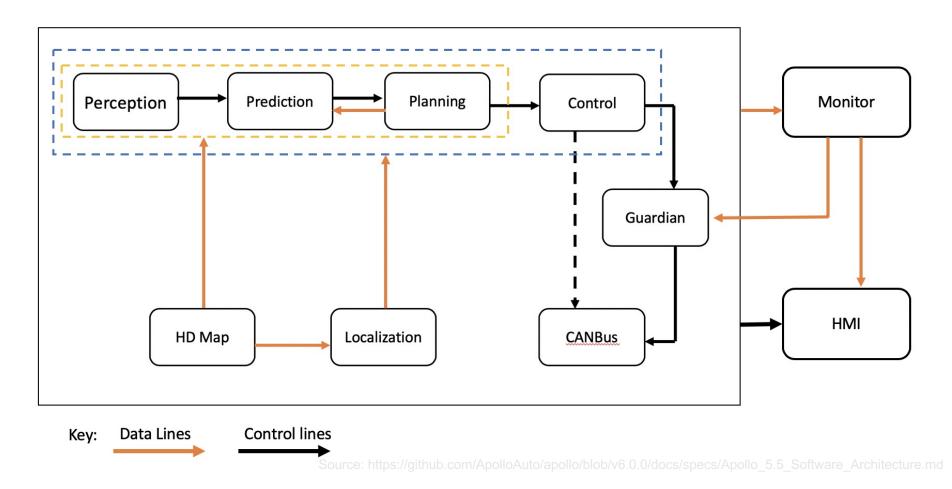
Source: https://github.com/ApolloAuto/apollo

Doxygen: https://hidetoshi-furukawa.github.io/apollo-doxygen/index.html



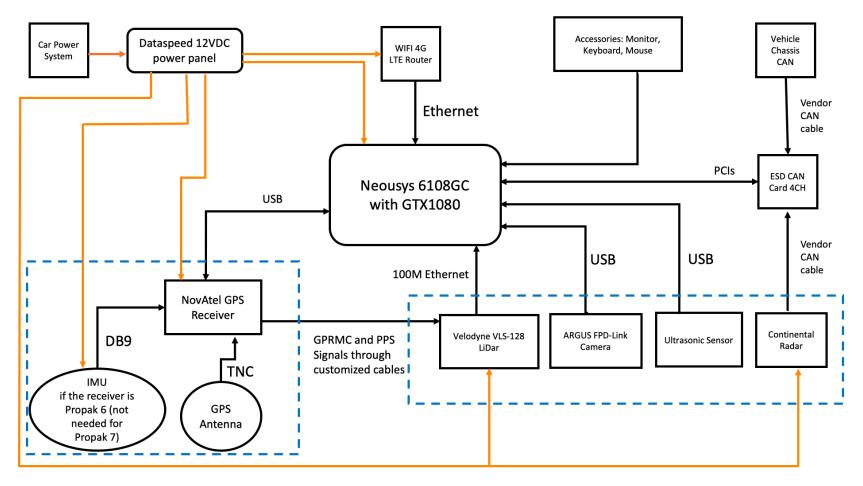


Apollo Software Architecture





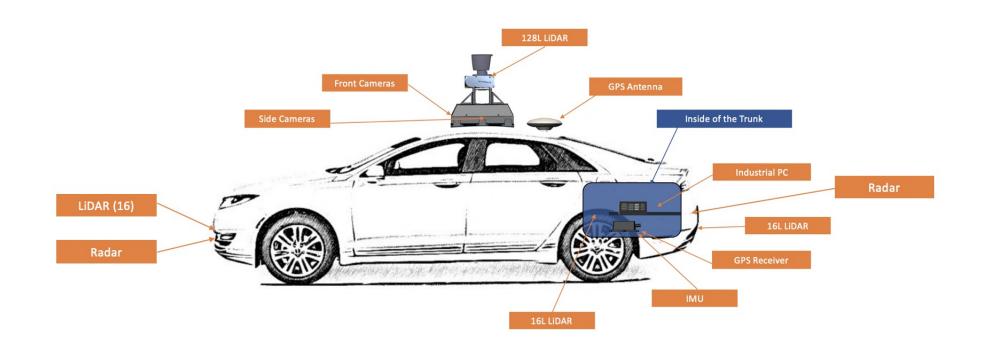
Apollo Hardware Architecture



Source: https://github.com/ApolloAuto/apollo/blob/v6.0.0/README.mo



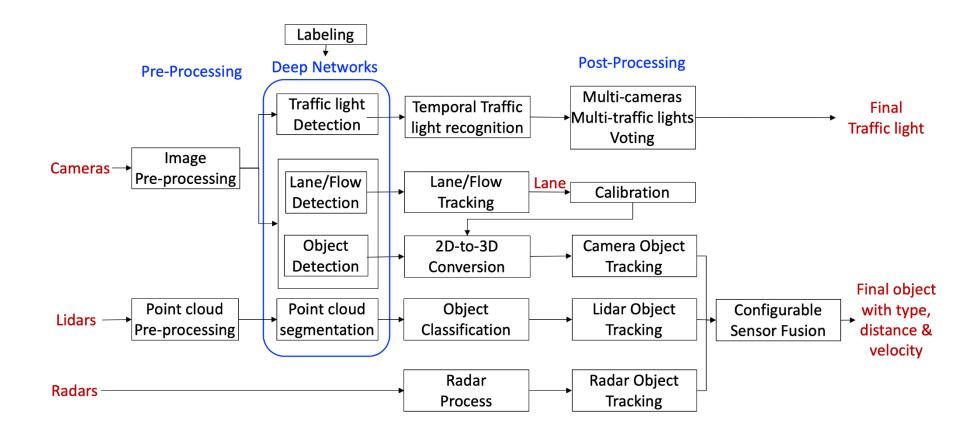
Apollo Hardware/Vehicle Overview



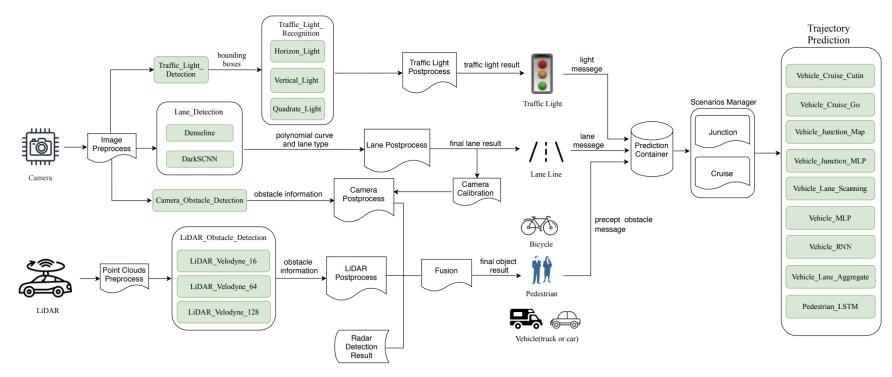
Source: https://github.com/ApolloAuto/apollo/blob/v6.0.0/README.mo



Apollo Perception Module



Apollo ML Models



Source: Zi Peng, Jinqiu Yang, Tse-Hsun (Peter) Chen, and Lei Ma. 2020. A First Look at the Integration of Machine Learning Models in Complex Autonomous Driving Systems: A Case Study on Apollo. In Proceedings of the 28th ACM Joint European Software Engineering Conference and Symposium on the Foundations of Software Engineering (ESEC/FSE '20), https://doi.org/10.1145/3368089.3417063

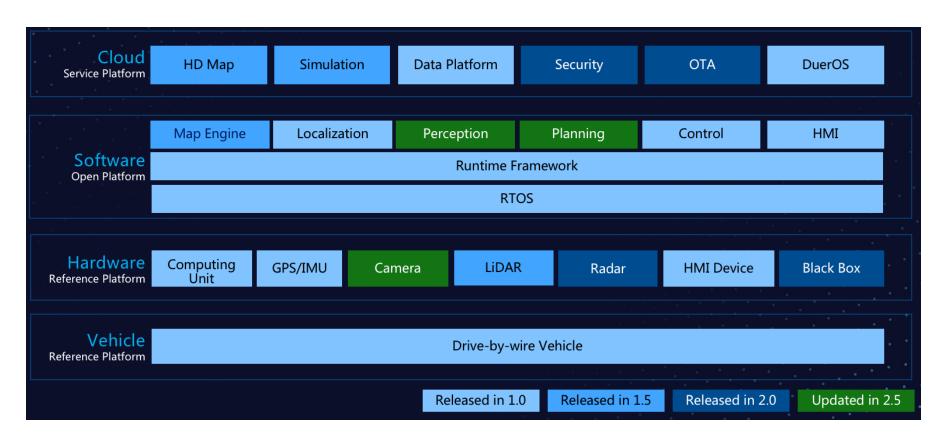
Apollo Software Stack

Cloud Service Platform	HD Map	Map Simulation		Data Platform Securi		Security	ОТА	Due	rOC	olume Production ervice Components	V2X Roadside Servic
	Map Engin	p Engine Localization		Perception		Planning	Control	End-t	o-End	НМІ	
Open Software Platform	Apollo Cyber RT Framework										V2X Adapter
	RTOS										
Hardware Development Platform	Computing Unit	GPS/IMU	Camera	LiDAR	Radar	Ultrasonic Sensor	HMI Device	Black Box	Apollo Sensor Un	Apollo it Extension Unit	V2X OBU
Open Vehicle Certificate Platform	Certified Apollo Compatible Drive-by-wire Vehicle Open V									Open Vehicle Interfac	e Standard

Source: https://github.com/ApolloAuto



Feature Evolution (Software Stack View)



Source: https://github.com/ApolloAuto/apollo

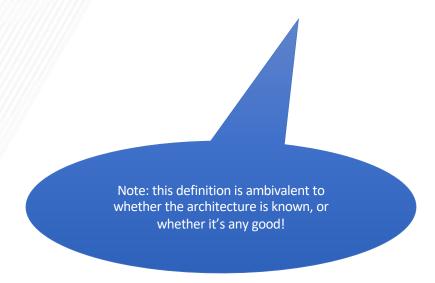




Software Architecture

The software architecture of a program or computing system is the structure or structures of the system, which comprise software elements, the externally visible properties of those elements, and the relationships among them.

[Bass et al. 2003]







Software Design vs. Architecture





Levels of Abstraction

- Requirements
 - high-level "what" needs to be done
- Architecture (High-level design)
 - high-level "how", mid-level "what"
- OO-Design (Low-level design, e.g. design patterns)
 - mid-level "how", low-level "what"
- Code
 - low-level "how"





Design vs. Architecture

Design Questions

- How do I add a menu item in VSCode?
- How can I make it easy to add menu items in VSCode?
- What lock protects this data?
- How does Google rank pages?
- What encoder should I use for secure communication?
- What is the interface between objects?

Architectural Questions

- How do I extend VSCode with a plugin?
- What threads exist and how do they coordinate?
- How does Google scale to billions of hits per day?
- Where should I put my firewalls?
- What is the interface between subsystems?



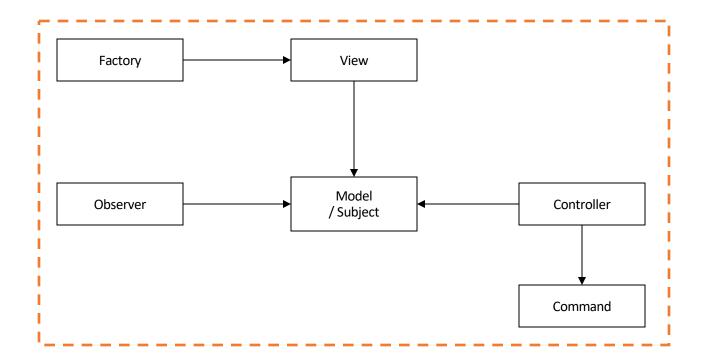


Objects

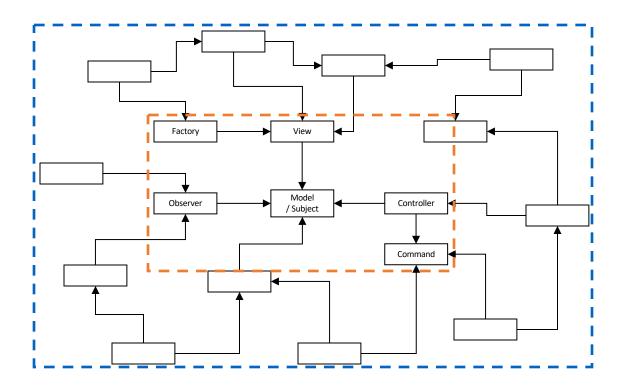
Model



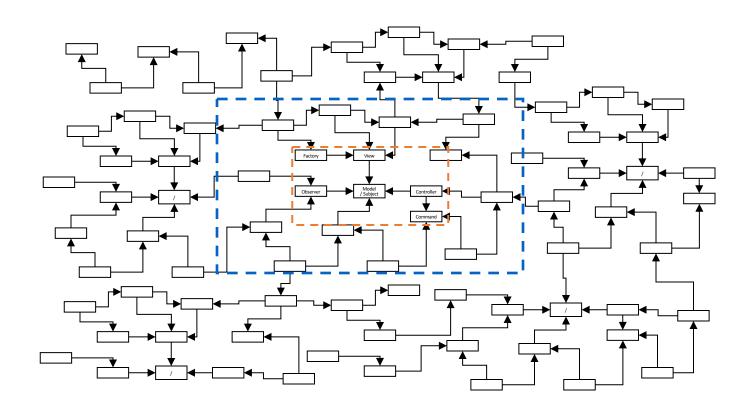
Design Patterns



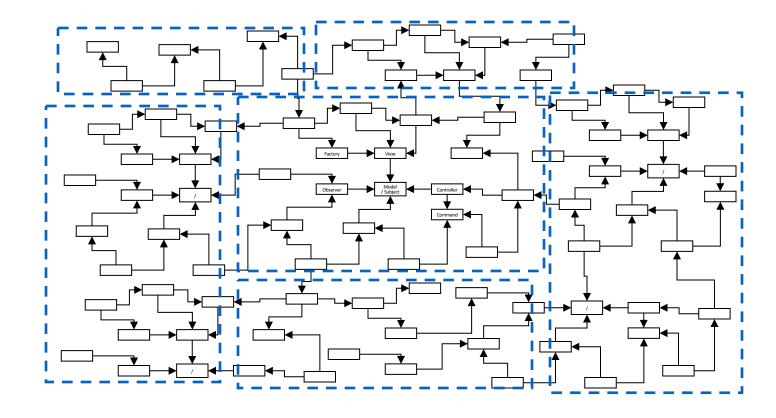
Design Patterns



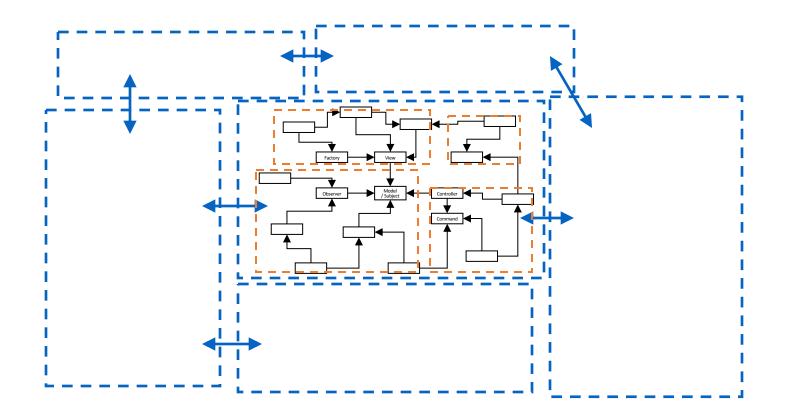
Design Patterns



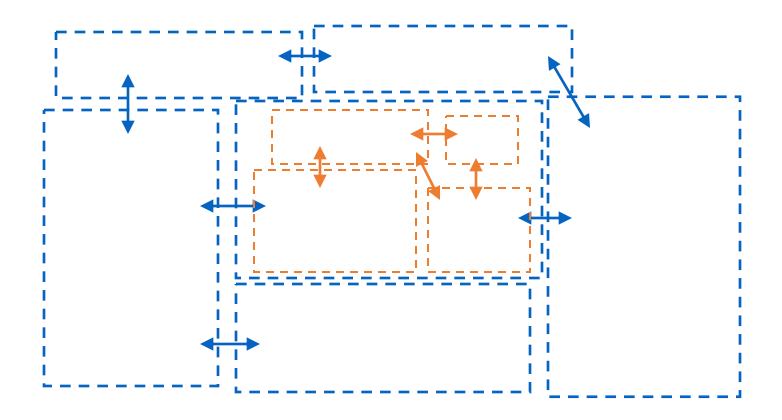
Architecture



Architecture



Architecture



Why Document Architecture?

- Blueprint for the system
 - Artifact for early analysis
 - Primary carrier of quality attributes
 - Key to post-deployment maintenance and enhancement
- Documentation speaks for the architect, today and 20 years from today
 - As long as the system is built, maintained, and evolved according to its documented architecture
- Support traceability.

Views and Purposes

- Every view should align with a purpose
- Views should only represent information relevant to that purpose
 - Abstract away other details
 - Annotate view to guide understanding where needed
- Different views are suitable for different reasoning aspects (different quality goals), e.g.,
 - Performance
 - Extensibility
 - Security
 - Scalability
 - •

Common Views in Documenting Software Architecture

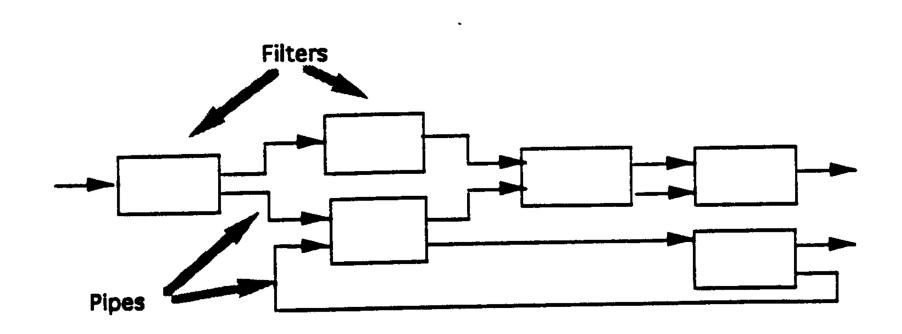
- Static View
 - Modules (subsystems, structures) and their relations (dependencies, ...)
- Dynamic View
 - Components (processes, runnable entities) and connectors (messages, data flow, ...)
- Physical View (Deployment)
 - Hardware structures and their connections

Common Software Architectures



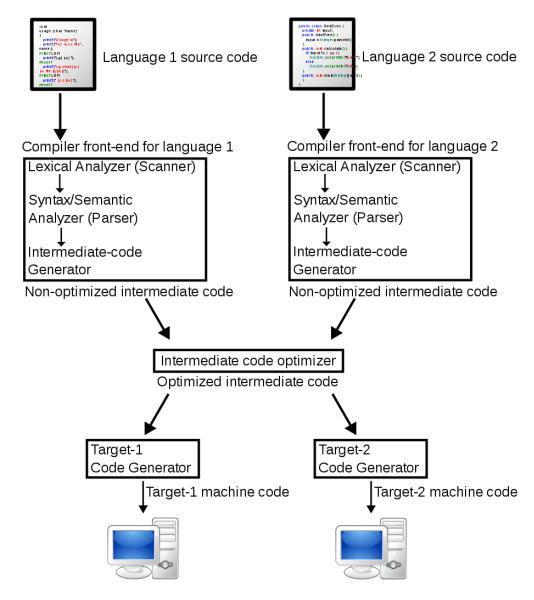


1. Pipes and Filters

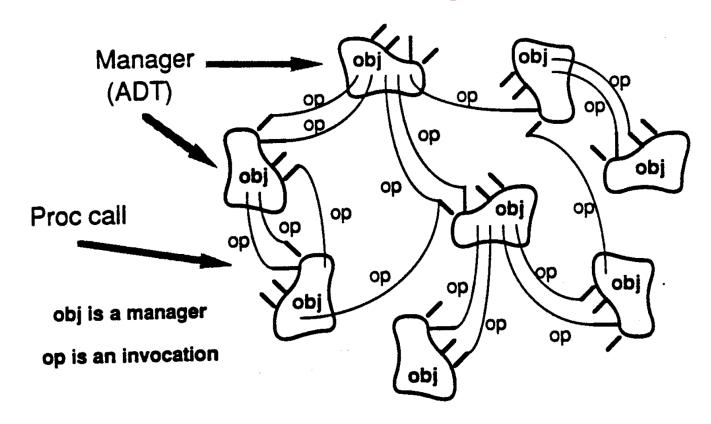


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Example: Compilers



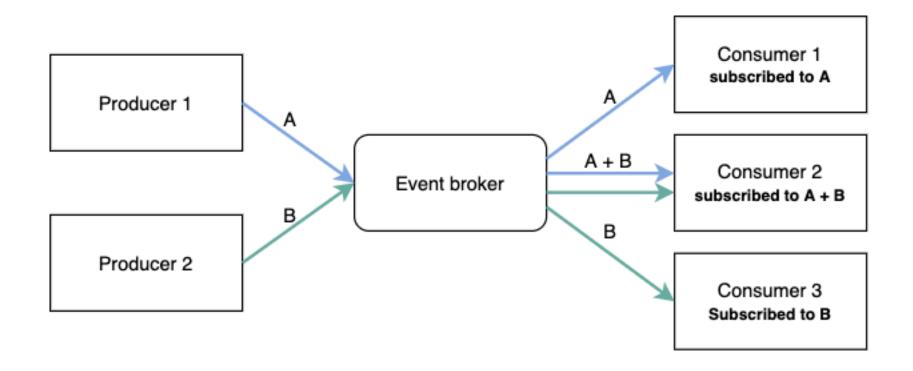
2. Object-Oriented Organization



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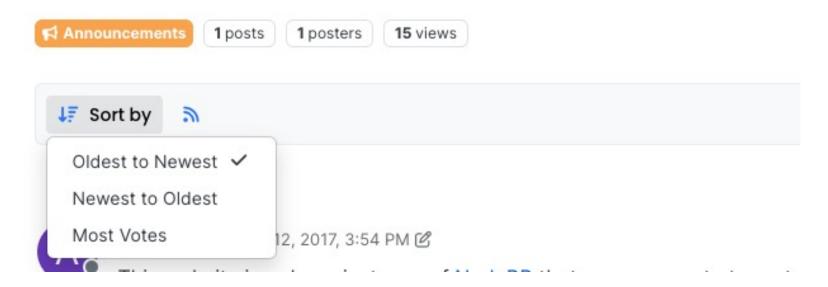
3. Event-Driven Architecture



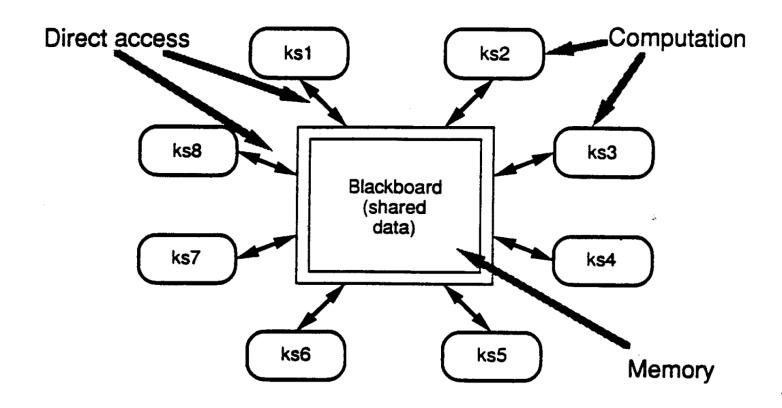
Example: HTML DOM + JavaScript

NodeBB

Welcome to the demo instance of NodeBB!

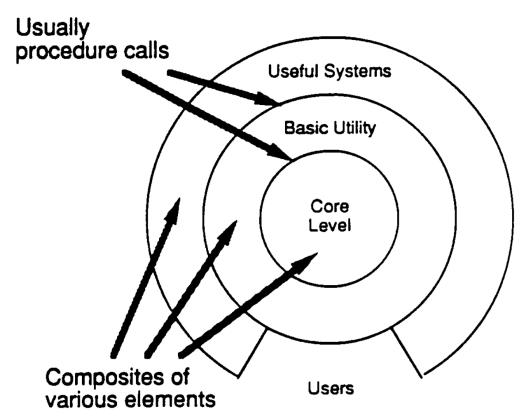


4. Blackboard Architecture



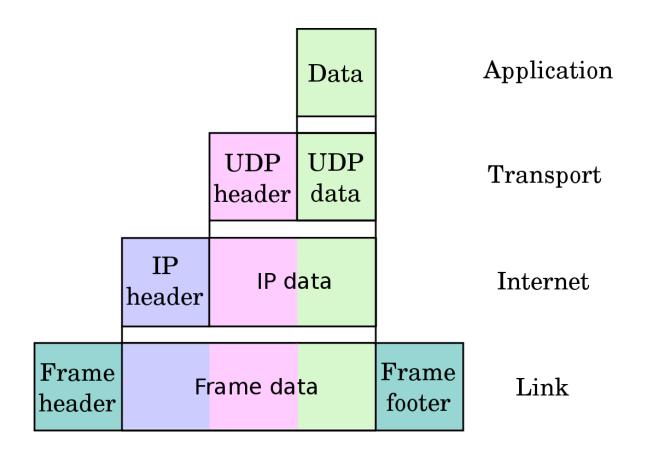
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5. Layered Systems



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Example: Internet Protocol Suite



Guidelines for selecting a notation

- Suitable for purpose
- Often visual for compact representation
- Usually boxes and arrows
- UML possible (semi-formal), but possibly constraining
 Note the different abstraction level Subsystems or processes, not classes or objects
- Formal notations available
- Decompose diagrams hierarchically and in views
- Always include a legend
- Define precisely what the boxes mean
- Define precisely what the lines mean
- Do not try to do too much in one diagram
 Each view of architecture should fit on a page

 - Use hierarchy



